

<b>外国語</b> (コミュニケーション英語 I・II)	志願番号	氏名

I. 次の英文(1～10)の \_\_\_\_\_ に入れるのに最も適切な語句をそれぞれ下の a～d から選び、その記号を○で囲みなさい。(配点 20)

- He is \_\_\_\_\_ to catch a local train for Kobe.  
a. walk                      b. briefly                      c. waiting                      d. catching
- We're \_\_\_\_\_ at the Overview Park Hotel near the train station in Yokohama.  
a. going to                      b. staying                      c. going stay                      d. stay for
- Look! Somebody is \_\_\_\_\_ in the fountain in front of that department store.  
a. swum                      b. swimmer                      c. swam                      d. swimming
- She is \_\_\_\_\_ on the cushion on the floor while watching TV.  
a. sitting                      b. sunny                      c. has been sit                      d. stand by
- We \_\_\_\_\_ waiting for more than 20 minutes for a taxi.  
a. did                      b. has been                      c. have been                      d. am going to
- My brother's band \_\_\_\_\_ to many places for performing almost every month!  
a. going                      b. goes                      c. gone                      d. go
- They'll \_\_\_\_\_ Chicago O'Hare Airport for Honolulu, Hawaii today at 3:30 p.m.  
a. be going                      b. be leave                      c. be leaving                      d. departing
- We were really \_\_\_\_\_ the movie until the thunderstorm cut the power to the theater.  
a. be laughing                      b. be talking                      c. visiting                      d. enjoying
- The student was working until 1:00 a.m. this morning, so she \_\_\_\_\_ very tired today.  
a. looks                      b. looking                      c. so not                      d. look
- \_\_\_\_\_ been looking forward to flying there for more than half a year!  
a. I has                      b. I've                      c. They are                      d. It have

II. 次の英文(1～10)の \_\_\_\_\_ に入る語句の中で適切ではないものを a～c から選び、その記号を○で囲みなさい。(配点 20)

1. There is nothing better than a cool glass of \_\_\_\_\_ to quench your thirst.  
a. lemonade                      b. honey                      c. water
2. Headphones continue to shrink in size and \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. reflection                      b. weight                      c. mass
3. She is great at singing. I really think she will be \_\_\_\_\_ someday.  
a. a professional                      b. a groomer                      c. famous
4. Flying nonstop is usually more convenient than flying with multiple \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. connections                      b. layovers                      c. weather
5. Full length curtains in a home really add beauty to the \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. gardening                      b. household                      c. room
6. I am so busy, about the only time I can relax is during the \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. holidays                      b. summer                      c. mountain
7. John worked many years, but then finally retired to a home in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. country                      b. camping                      c. city
8. Driving the \_\_\_\_\_ speed is not always easy to do because of traffic.  
a. displayed                      b. posted                      c. papers
9. After the movie I went home and quickly had \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. a coin                      b. a bath                      c. a meal
10. Computers in the home and school are common these days. Just a few years ago very few people owned computers, and now they are normally \_\_\_\_\_ and very small.  
a. portable                      b. lightweight                      c. awkward

III. 次の問い(1～5)において、それぞれ下の語句を並べかえて英文を完成させなさい。(配点 20)

1. It \_\_\_\_\_ I visit Vancouver again.

( time , a , before , will , be , long )

2. Once \_\_\_\_\_ see a bear.

( able , visiting , to , while , I , Hokkaido , was )

3. Post Office: We can help you start an account here; it will only take a few minutes.

Could you \_\_\_\_\_ on this paper?

( full , printing , start , your , name , by , clearly )

4. Will: What are your plans for this weekend? Are you free to do something with me?

Mary: I'm going \_\_\_\_\_ with us.

( come , with , could , along , you , skating , friends , and )

5. Janet: I made a chocolate cake for my friend over Valentine's Day, but it was not very good.

Kana: Don't worry. I'm sure it \_\_\_\_\_ most important.

( thought , it's , the , and , is , was , actually , that , fine )

IV. 次の問い(1～5)の \_\_\_\_ に入れるのに最も適切な文をそれぞれ下の a～c から選び、その記号を○で囲みなさい。(配点 15)

1. Erin: I worked all weekend on the project I need to present Tuesday, but I still am having a problem with getting this one part to work together.

Luke: \_\_\_\_\_

Erin: Thanks. I thought you might be able to make it work. I know you have better skills for making most robotic things.

- a. That is good, but I can see why you were late this morning. Try resting more.
- b. Also, if you look just above here, you can see it behind the station.
- c. What if I take a look at it? I'm good at fixing mechanical things.

2. Gail: Our band is playing the day after tomorrow. Please come and listen to us.

Tim: \_\_\_\_\_

Gail: Thanks, it should really be a great performance. You'll both enjoy it.

- a. That will work out perfectly. I'll tell my friend and we'll drive together.
- b. Today is Sunday, so when will that be? I can only come by myself.
- c. I've always wanted to go there. I will say hello to you when I get there.

3. Sean: The concert starts at 8:00 p.m. We better leave soon or we might be late.

Miyu: \_\_\_\_\_

Sean: Oh, no. We're going to be late if we don't leave in 5 minutes!

- a. Yes. The concert was last year on her birthday.
- b. No, I tried to make a reservation, but they ran out of flights.
- c. No, the concert starts at 7:00 p.m. Hurry, let's eat in the car.

4. Kevin: Japanese is a difficult language to learn. Barbara, can you read this?

Barbara: I am not sure of the meaning. Let me get my dictionary.

Kevin: Thanks, that's helpful. I lost my dictionary and haven't got a new one yet.

Barbara: Well \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. if the key is not in your room maybe you took it to the movie theater.
- b. I do have an extra one. Would you like to use this one until you buy another?
- c. it seems this book is the best one for simulations of computer configurations.

5. Scott: Julie, how do you like working as a translator?

Julie: Well, I like it very much, but in fact I still need to study every day.

Scott: Oh, I can't believe that! You must be great at your job!

Julie: \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Yes, I still learn new words and that's improving all the time, so I keep studying.
- b. Yes, for the most part it really is not as fun as I thought, nonetheless, I am trying.
- c. I'm not comfortable, and I can't keep getting new responsibilities, it's not fun.

V. 次の英文を読み、後の問いに答えなさい。(配点 25)

**Our Taste for Chocolate**

Chocolate is one of the most popular flavors in the world! Now it has become part of many traditional holiday celebrations, too. Chocolate is molded into shapes such as coins, hearts, rabbits and even Santa Claus. Confectioners<sup>1</sup> have engineered an entire language of swirls<sup>2</sup> for the top of chocolate pieces so you know what you have and what you're about to bite into. Confectioners have always pushed the limits and chocolate is no exception. It's not unusual to see chocolate covered cherries, an elaborate cake or delicate edible<sup>3</sup> chocolate leaves. Chocolate doesn't need a special day; any day is a good day for chocolate. It wasn't always this way. Originally, more than 5,000 years ago, it started as an unsweetened beverage for the upper class.

Mesoamerican<sup>4</sup> culture, which preceded the Aztec and the Mayan culture, first made drinks from the bitter<sup>5</sup> cacao<sup>6</sup> seeds. Their process resulted in a frothy drink mixture which they flavored by adding vanilla, honey, pepper and even salt. During that time, this drink was used only in ceremonies and not available to the common people. The cacao seeds at that period were considered a luxury. The actual seeds were so valuable that they were used as money. Of course, cacao is still valuable to this day.

Cacao seeds remain in demand worldwide. The original cacao plants are from South America and are still grown there. World production has expanded to Africa as well as Indonesia. Both markets are growing sources for the cacao seeds. The cacao seed industry uses small farms from around the globe, and all are near the climate of the equator.<sup>7</sup>

There is nothing that hasn't been thought of to be made into some edible confections and useful products. After being processed into cocoa butter, you then have the necessary product to begin to make chocolate. Cocoa butter is the crucial<sup>8</sup> ingredient for chocolate, but also the base for a few other products including cosmetics, moisturizers and even soaps.

Cacao originated in the Americas, but is now popular around the world. We give credit to the early Mesoamericans for their first use of the cacao seeds while not forgetting the clever creations of the Swiss and Belgians who have made chocolate into the sweet confectionaries we know today. Their mutual discoveries have given us the enjoyment of chocolate, truly a worldwide taste, which we can enjoy in a variety of ways and as often as we like.

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注

1. confectioners 「お菓子」

2. swirls 「渦巻く」

3. edible ~ 「食用」

4. mesoamerican 「メソアメリカ人」

5. bitter 「苦い」

6. cacao 「カカオ」

7. equator 「赤道」

8. crucial 「重大な」

次の(1~5)の英文の続き、ならびに答えとして最も適した文をそれぞれ a~d から選び、その記号を○で囲みなさい。

1. According to the passage, an early form of chocolate \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. hasn't been available for hundreds of years in Belgium.
  - b. hasn't been near the equator for less than 5,000 years.
  - c. had been a frothy drink in Mesoamerican times more than 5,000 years ago.
  - d. had a mixture of spices including sage, white chocolate and sugar.
  
2. Chocolate was first used \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. as a medicine in Europe as part of hospitals of the Mesoamericans.
  - b. as part of the traditions of Christmas and Saint Valentine's Day.
  - c. as a way of gift giving between the Aztecs and the Mayans.
  - d. as part of rituals performed for the elite people of Mesoamerica.
  
3. What is the one thing crucial for chocolate and used in the production of useful products?
  - a. The production of cacao is very much a part of the early culture of production.
  - b. It is used for edible candies and chocolates, too.
  - c. Cocoa butter is the one thing necessary for products and also chocolates.
  - d. The products made from chocolate include, leaves, candies and ice cream.
  
4. Few flavors have such an uncertain beginning.
  - a. All uses of chocolate have been elevated by the production of these beans.
  - b. Once it had a value like money and now is valued in every country worldwide, too.
  - c. More than 5,000 years ago, this unique flavor started as drink. Now this is produced worldwide and enjoyed every day.
  - d. Chocolate is enjoyed and eaten as swirls, as leaves and as drinks with milk. It has become so popular that you can buy it anywhere you want.
  
5. This article tells us about some of the history of chocolate. Which of the following sentences gives the best summary of this article?
  - a. People of all ages and every culture like to eat a lot of chocolate every day.
  - b. Chocolate's history and culture links its popularity to the original cacao seeds.
  - c. Coffee with frothy chocolate has become the world's most popular drink.
  - d. To eat chocolate everyday has been the imaginative plan for 5,000 years.

A

2019 年度 郡山女子大学 家政学部 一般生 III 期 入学者選抜

外国語(英語 I・II)	志願番号	氏名

I. 次の英文(1~10)の \_\_\_\_\_ に入れるのに最も適切な語句をそれぞれ下の a~d から選び、記号を ○ で囲みなさい。(配点 20)

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9. The student was working until 1:00 a.m. this morning, so she \_\_\_\_\_ very tired today.  
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