

試験開始の指示があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。

2024 年度 郡 山 女 子 大 学  
一 般 選 抜 II 期  
個 別 学 力 試 験 問 題

外 国 語

(コミュニケーション英語 I ・ II)

注 意 事 項

- 1 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁・乱丁等に気付いた場合は、監督者に  
知らせてください。

志 願 番 号		氏 名	
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I. 次の問 1～10 の \_\_\_\_\_ に入る最も適切な語句を、それぞれ下の a ～ d から選びなさい。  
(配点 20)

1. How many people \_\_\_\_\_ going on the trip with you to Australia?  
a. are their                      b. have there                      c. is there                      d. are there
2. Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ a sports bag in the classroom. I was wondering who forgot it.  
a. their's                      b. there                      c. there's                      d. their is
3. We have twenty games we play in the season and \_\_\_\_\_ about two games each week.  
a. there are                      b. they are                      c. their is                      d. there is
4. \_\_\_\_\_ twenty-nine people in my course this year. Fifteen are girls and fourteen are boys.  
a. There has                      b. We has                      c. There are                      d. Their are
5. Could you help me? I am looking for a subway entrance. \_\_\_\_\_ any around here?  
a. Theirs                      b. Are there                      c. Their are                      d. Is their
6. Last year I traveled to Kanazawa and it was beautiful. I \_\_\_\_\_ in spring.  
a. going best                      b. prefer getting                      c. like go                      d. prefer travelling
7. My cousin goes to graduate school in Chiba and \_\_\_\_\_ to be an engineer.  
a. is study                      b. is studying                      c. are going                      d. learner
8. My friends and I had fun traveling to Nagano. It was very cool, and it \_\_\_\_\_ the last day.  
a. had snowing                      b. was snowed                      c. started snowing                      d. some snowing
9. I \_\_\_\_\_ late for college, but sometimes I stay up studying so I sleep too late.  
a. hate being                      b. hate been                      c. don't like be                      d. had being
10. Are you a good student? Do you \_\_\_\_\_ your homework finished early?  
a. like morning                      b. go waking                      c. stop getting                      d. like getting

II. 次の問 1～4 の会話の \_\_\_\_\_ に入る最も適切な文を、それぞれ a ～ c から選びなさい。  
(配点 12)

1. Mark: There is a free pop concert in the park Sunday. Would you like to go?

Karen: That would be fun. What time will it start?

Mark: \_\_\_\_\_

- a. It is a funny movie and there will be an afternoon show on Sunday.
- b. I thought your team played last week. That sounds exciting for you to do.
- c. There are music performances from one until five. Let's meet there at noon.

2. Chuck: I was able to go travel over the summer. It was a busy, but an exciting time.

Rika: I had wanted to travel this year, too. How many weeks were you gone?

Chuck: Well, I was there \_\_\_\_\_

- a. almost a month which helped me practice Spanish every day.
- b. over my birthday. I was too busy with school to travel this time.
- c. and my family needed me to help so I plan to get there next year.

Rika: It is hard to be able to travel; you should do it while you are young.

3. Ron: Would you like to go to a winter snow festival next weekend?

Isabel: That sounds fun. Where should I meet you? Should we meet at the festival?

Ron: \_\_\_\_\_

- a. No, I will be out of town so it might be impossible to go next weekend.
- b. No, my part-time job will be busy both Saturday and Sunday.
- c. No, it will be crowded. Let's meet at the station. We can travel together.

4. Terry: Could you show me how to restart this computer? It seems to be running slow.

Mike: Yes, it should be easy. First, push this. Then, wait about 10 seconds and push here.

Terry: \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Thanks, I just got a new phone. I have to charge the battery.
- b. Oh, that helps. It seems to be working now. The Internet is faster, too.
- c. That sounds fun to make. I am going to make it for dinner tonight.

III. 次の問 1～9 の \_\_\_\_\_ に入る最も適切な語句を、それぞれ下の a ～ c から選びなさい。  
(配点 18)

1. I'm trying to read this book. \_\_\_\_\_ you please play your video game over there?  
a. Would be                                      b. Could                                      c. Should
2. If that fast-food restaurant closed down, many people \_\_\_\_\_ their jobs.  
a. lose    b. could lost                                      c. would lose
3. Jennifer, excuse me, my hands are full. \_\_\_\_\_ please open the elevator door for me?  
a. Could you                                      b. Do you                                      c. Should you
4. Do you think you \_\_\_\_\_ take me to the train station early tomorrow morning.  
a. would want                                      b. will me                                      c. could
5. Don't lend him your mountain bike. If he \_\_\_\_\_ me, I would not lend him mine.  
a. should asked                                      b. would ask                                      c. shouldn't talk
6. I cannot afford to buy a computer. If I \_\_\_\_\_ a computer, I'd have to borrow money.  
a. could bought                                      b. to buy                                      c. would buy
7. I thought it was funny that you \_\_\_\_\_ that. I was thinking the same thing.  
a. should say                                      b. should speech                                      c. should be
8. It's only natural that teachers \_\_\_\_\_ about their students.  
a. shall careful                                      b. should care                                      c. is worry
9. I am not from around here and was surprised that they \_\_\_\_\_ me for information.  
a. should ask                                      b. should asked                                      c. my ask

IV. 次の英文を読み、問いに答えなさい。

(配点 30)

Water & Canals

People who have fresh water in volume will improve their lives through health and business. Water is essential<sup>1</sup> for life, as we know it. The importance of water and supply is vital to us all. While we use water to drink, clean, cook, and for farming, having fresh water available has not always been as easy as now.

The essence<sup>2</sup> of life is complete with the key element, water. Warm weather and a short walk in the park remind us quickly how a drink of water can make us feel, think, or relax. Life without water simply does not exist for us. We are mostly made of water and our entire life balances on having nearly 2-3 liters of drinking water daily.

The history of man has had our villages and town growth planned and built near water and seashores. Rivers are often the starting point for communities. Settlements<sup>3</sup> near rivers allowed for easy movement, but guaranteed cities had water, which supported the people and agriculture. Today, water is currently brought to where we live. We generally use underground<sup>4</sup> pipes, but think water will always flow in our kitchens and baths. In reality, only a few short years ago, fresh water was not the convenience it is today.

A few thousand years ago, the Romans developed methods of moving water great distances down mountains to large cities. They had a system of canals<sup>5</sup> that used bridges called aqueducts<sup>6</sup> to move fresh water into cities in Europe and North Africa. Even today, some aqueducts can be seen and remain in much the way the Romans built them. Clean water and sanitation<sup>7</sup> helped people remain healthy and provided city growth to locations far from rivers. Their clever ideas led to many discoveries, which are still in use today.

Now we do not rely on aqueducts, but we do use the idea of moving water where needed. Our designs include pipes, tunnels, bridges, and pumps that move water to cities, towns and villages. This infrastructure<sup>8</sup> helps us have clean water and sanitation, but it also helps communities to grow and to support agriculture where previously impossible.

It is just this thought that brought fresh water from Lake Inawashiro to Koriyama, Japan, through the Asaka Canal using a chain of tunnels and pipes. This early understanding and vision, made safe clean drinking water available to promote healthy living, the growth of farming, industry, and home life in our area and throughout the world.

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注

1. essential 「不可欠」

2. essence 「本質」

3. settlements 「植民地」

4. underground 「地下」

5. canals 「運河」

6. aqueducts 「水道橋」

7. sanitation 「衛生」

8. infrastructure 「建設工事」

問 次の1～10の英文の内容に最も近い文をそれぞれ下のa～cから選びなさい。

1. Water is vital for people. We require 2-3 liters of fresh water every day.
  - a. Most think coffee is a healthy substitute for cola.
  - b. The main food for health is lettuce with some water.
  - c. We are made mostly of water and all need water daily.
2. Many lived far from rivers, but were supplied with fresh water during Roman times.
  - a. Before modern cities, it was necessary to live near fresh water.
  - b. Aqueducts were used to move water from the mountains to cities.
  - c. We like to have fresh mineral water; we often buy it in bottles.
3. Warm weather quickly reminds us we need to have water.
  - a. Seeing a lake of water is often refreshing for us to experience.
  - b. We did not always have fresh water in our homes or schools.
  - c. Having a drink of water during warm weather can refresh us.
4. People as well as agriculture must have a large supply of water.
  - a. Canals and pipes move water to cities and farming communities.
  - b. Rain with snow are very useful for keeping ski resorts refreshed.
  - c. Aqueducts in history were used to move water into big fountains.
5. Pipes and pumps are being used to move water in modern cities.
  - a. Safe clean drinking water is common in most modern cities and villages.
  - b. Agriculture has been made more productive since having fresh water.
  - c. These days, water is moved through a series of pipes and pumps.
6. Cities around the world often began near rivers that supplied fresh water.
  - a. This means we use aqueducts to get our water for our homes and schools.
  - b. Many cities worldwide often originated near rivers as sources of freshwater.
  - c. It is necessary to use rivers because it is easier to travel on ships and boats.

7. We need fresh water every day to keep us healthy and cannot survive long without it.
  - a. With proper clothing and water, we can survive in cold weather for several hours.
  - b. We cannot drink seawater, but people in emergencies may try to survive on it.
  - c. Our life balances on having 2-3 liters of fresh drinking water daily.
  
8. Aqueducts can still be seen when traveling especially around the city of Rome.
  - a. The world this past year experienced very high temperatures and forest fires.
  - b. Europe's ancient water infrastructure continue to be seen to this day.
  - c. Many news stories are written about global warming and water shortages.
  
9. Canals are used to move water to the farm fields throughout Japan.
  - a. If we drive in the country, we see rice fields and water flowing into them.
  - b. Bottled water is convenient, but does cause a recycling problem for communities.
  - c. People need other conveniences besides fresh water, but it is very essential.
  
10. Infrastructure is key to healthy living and the growth of cities and industry these days.
  - a. We do know how we feel when we drink fresh water and when to drink water.
  - b. Currently, we all depend on well-developed organization for both people and industry.
  - c. Relaxation is just one of the things we need daily to be refreshed. Food is important, too.

V. 次の問 1～10 の \_\_\_\_\_ に入る最も適切な語句を、それぞれ下の a ～ c から選びなさい。  
(配点 20)

1. A: Are you a student or are you working? B: \_\_\_\_\_, I am a student and I work part-time.

- a. Neither                                      b. Both                                      c. Either

2. A: I am wondering if your teacher is Australian or Irish? B: \_\_\_\_\_, he's German.

- a. Both                                      b. Either                                      c. Neither

3. A: I brought cheese and a pepperoni pizza, which would you like? B: \_\_\_\_\_ is fine with me.

- a. Either                                      b. Neither                                      c. Both

4. Last year in June, I went to Phoenix and San Diego. I liked \_\_\_\_\_ cities very much.

- a. either                                      b. neither                                      c. both

5. Bob and I didn't know the time because \_\_\_\_\_ of us had brought our smartphone.

- a. both                                      b. neither                                      c. either

6. This old knife is not very sharp. Do you have a \_\_\_\_\_ knife?

- a. more sharps                                      b. more sharper                                      c. sharper

7. I am not very interested in speaking Dutch. I am \_\_\_\_\_ in speaking French.

- a. most interesting                                      b. more interested                                      c. more interest

8. Kobe is not a very beautiful city. Kanazawa is \_\_\_\_\_ in all the seasons.

- a. more beautiful                                      b. a beautiful                                      c. of most beautiful

9. My computer monitor is not very big. Your new computer monitor is much \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. more big                                      b. biggest                                      c. bigger

10. The music in that cafe is not very good. This cafe has \_\_\_\_\_ music.

- a. most better                                      b. much better                                      c. more better



2024 年度 郡山女子大学 一般選抜Ⅱ期 個別学力試験

外国語(コミュニケーション英語Ⅰ・Ⅱ)	志願番号	氏名

I.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

(配点 20)

II.

1.	2.	3.	4.
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(配点 12)

III.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	

(配点 18)

IV.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

(配点 30)

V.

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.

(配点 20)

合計点

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2024 年度 郡山女子大学 一般選抜Ⅱ期 個別学力試験

外国語(コミュニケーション英語Ⅰ・Ⅱ)	志願番号	氏名

I.

1. d	2. c	3. a	4. c	5. b
6. d	7. b	8. c	9. a	10. d

(配点 20)

II.

1. c	2. a	3. c	4. b
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(配点 12)

III.

1. b	2. c	3. a	4. c	5. b
6. c	7. a	8. b	9. a	

(配点 18)

IV.

1. c	2. b	3. c	4. a	5. c
6. b	7. c	8. b	9. a	10. b

(配点 30)

V.

1. b	2. c	3. a	4. c	5. b
6. c	7. b	8. a	9. c	10. b

(配点 20)

合計点

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